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Next Generation Simulation - Engineering Beyond Just Validation

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Team Sky's success story

Dave Brailsford's theory for improvement (rephrased):

“If you break down everything you could think of that goes into riding a bike, and then improve it by 1%, those small gains would add up to a remarkable improvement”

Parameters 'Team Sky' worked on

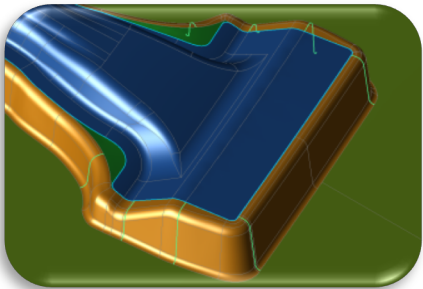
- Weekly training program for riders
- Weight of the bicycles
- Design of the bicycles
- Rider's posture
- Extreme weather conditions
- Road conditions
- Health of the riders

Robust Process Improvement for stamping process

Robust Process Improvement

Systematic Process Improvement
(SPI)

Robustness/Stability



**Design
variables**

(Controllable parameters)

E.g. Blank shape, Drawbeads



**Noise
variables**

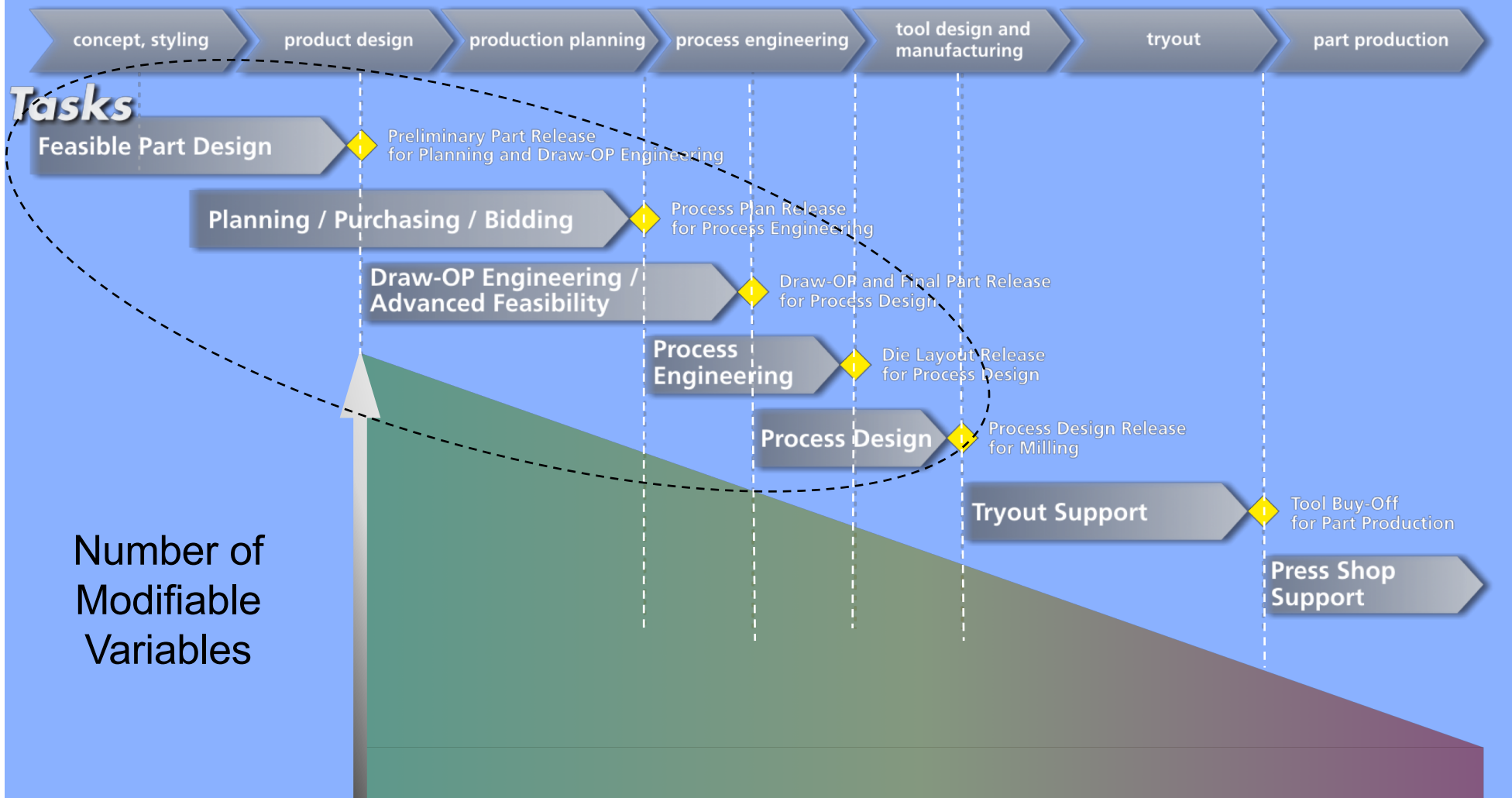
(Uncontrollable parameters)

E.g. Variation in material properties

SYSTEMATIC PROCESS IMPROVEMENT (SPI)

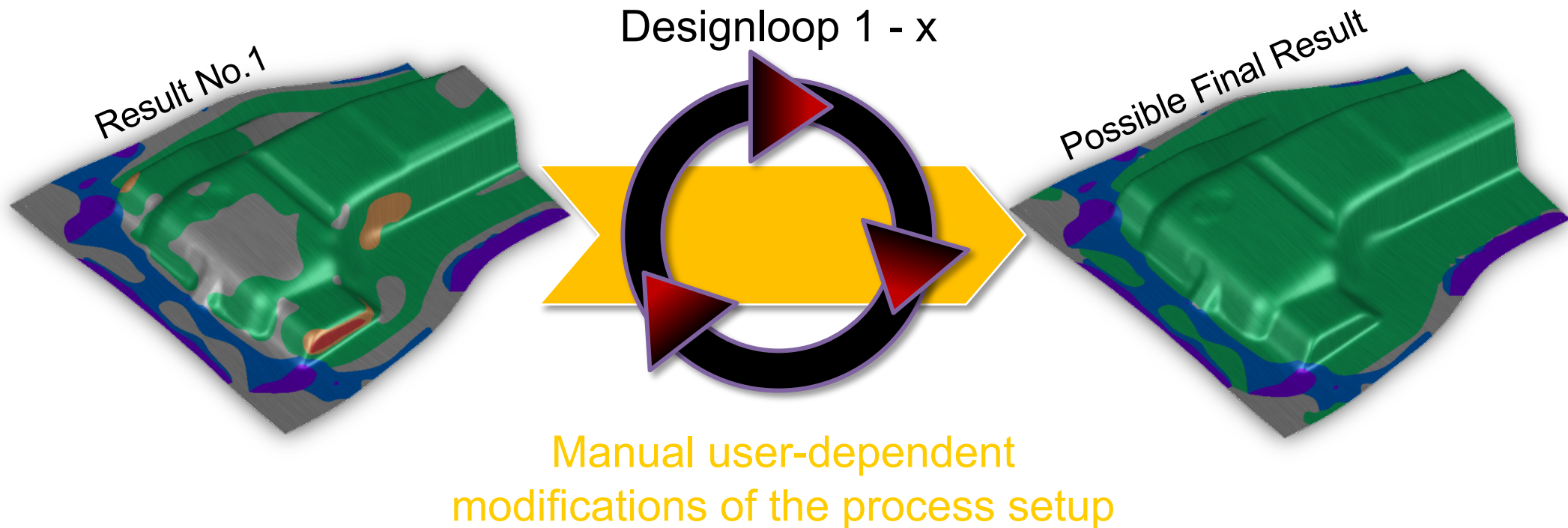
SPI implementation

Most of the Design changes take place between Concept styling till Tool design



Trial and Error Vs. Sigma

Classical **Trial-And-Error** - Approach



With no documentation of changes, or a global process window, Trial & Error comes with severe limitations

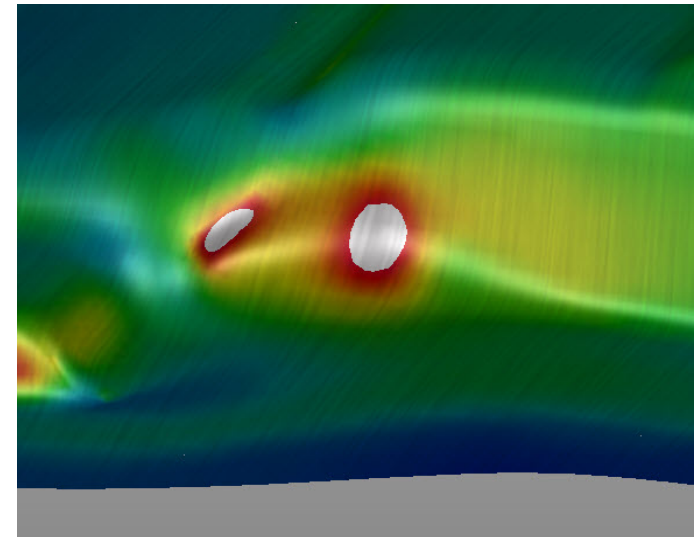
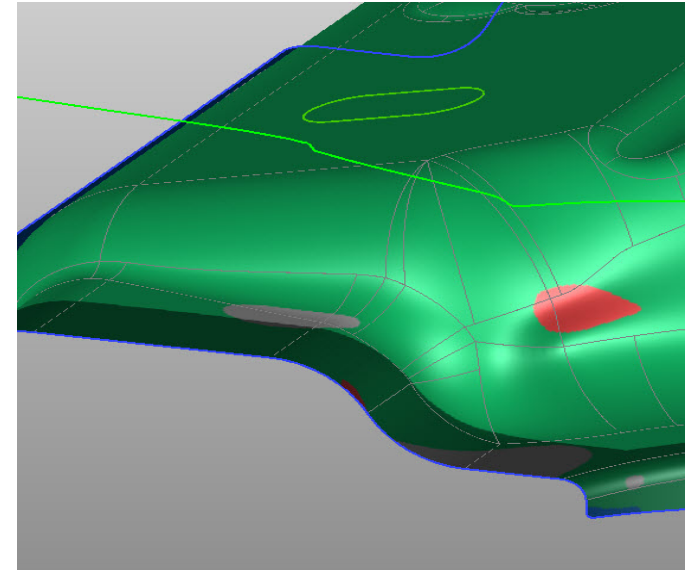
SPI during Early feasibility (Part modifications?)

During early feasibility, you'd want to tweak certain part geometry features for improved results

**Product
Engineering
Team**



Where is the best result??



Advanced feasibility

After the early feasibility, some of the basic issues, the advanced feasibility and further process planning must address are:

- Splitting
- Wrinkling
- Draw-in
- Springback

Advanced feasibility – Handling multiple inputs

What would improve my splitting???



Advanced feasibility - Multiple Issue types

If splitting issue is fixed, what about

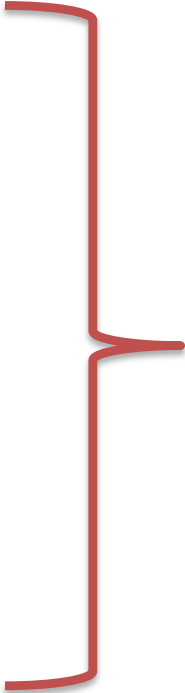
- Wrinkling ✘
- Draw-in ✘
- Springback ✘
-



Advanced feasibility - Systematic Process Improvement

Systematic Process Improvement

- Global process window that addresses all issues
- Documentation of changes
- Information about possible process window



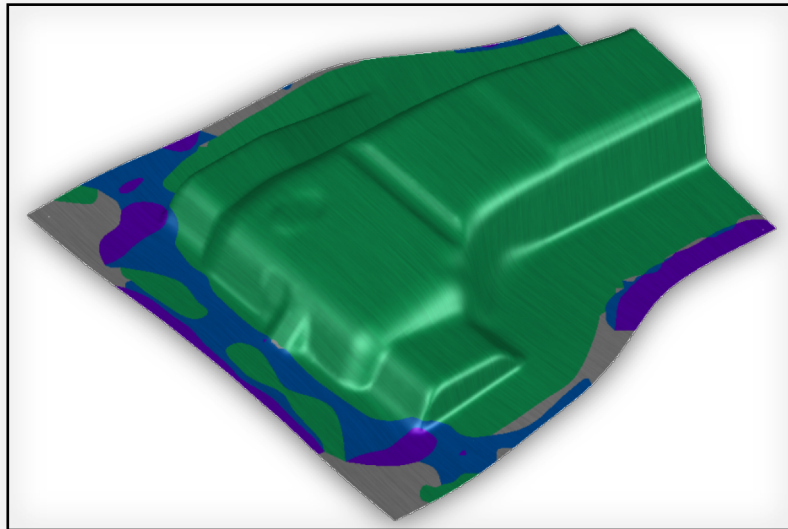
Identifying that a solution may not exist with current parameters is as important as having a good solution

ROBUSTNESS / STABILITY

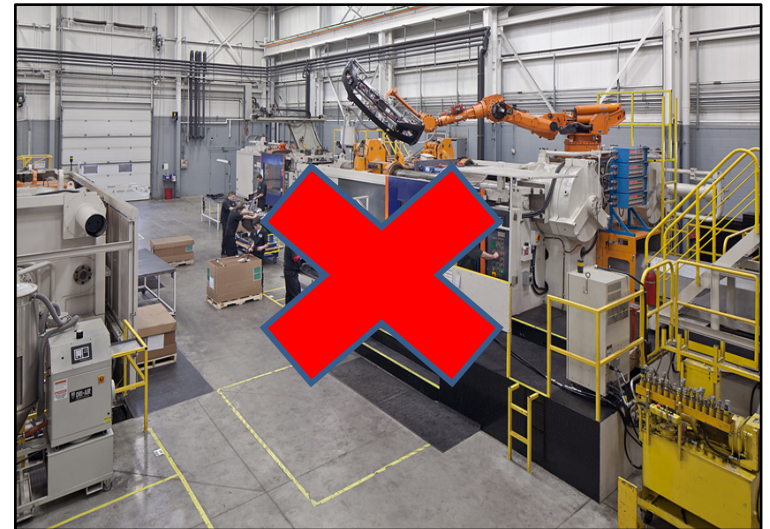
Robustness - Introduction

It's not uncommon to see defects occur in Tryout or production in spite of 'green' nominal simulation

Simulation



Tryout

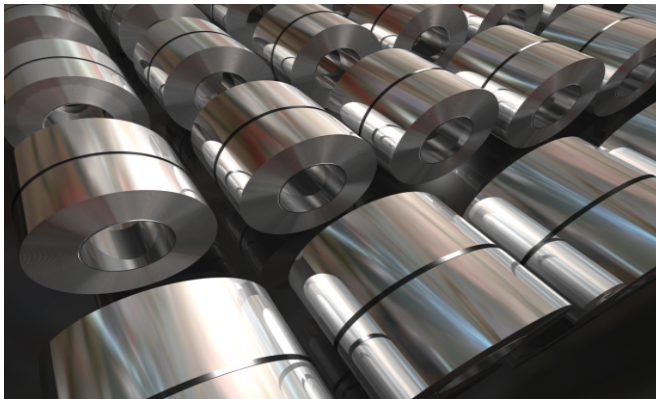


Robustness - Introduction

- Why Does that Happen In Spite of An “All Right“ Simulation?



- Process parameters scatter from stroke to stroke (lubrication, binder force, blank position, ...).



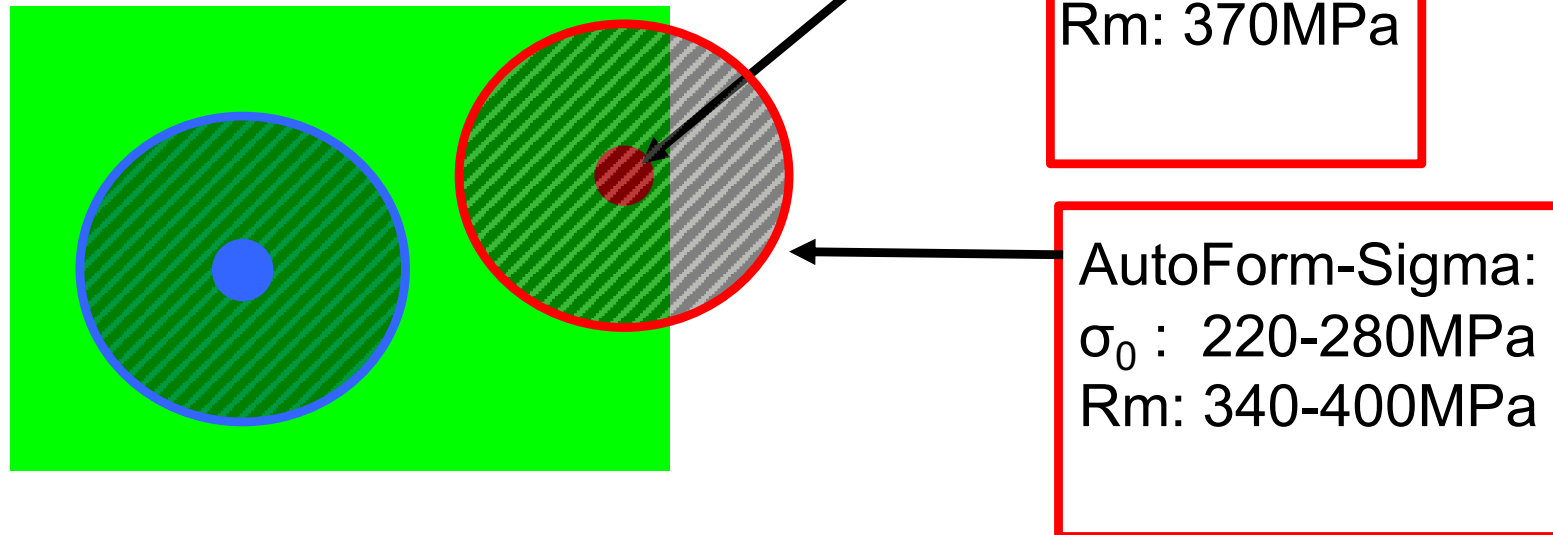
- Material properties scatter from coil to coil and within the coils (supplier, supply, ...).

A successful simulation does not always result in a successful tryout/
production because ...

a single simulation provides a process point, but ...

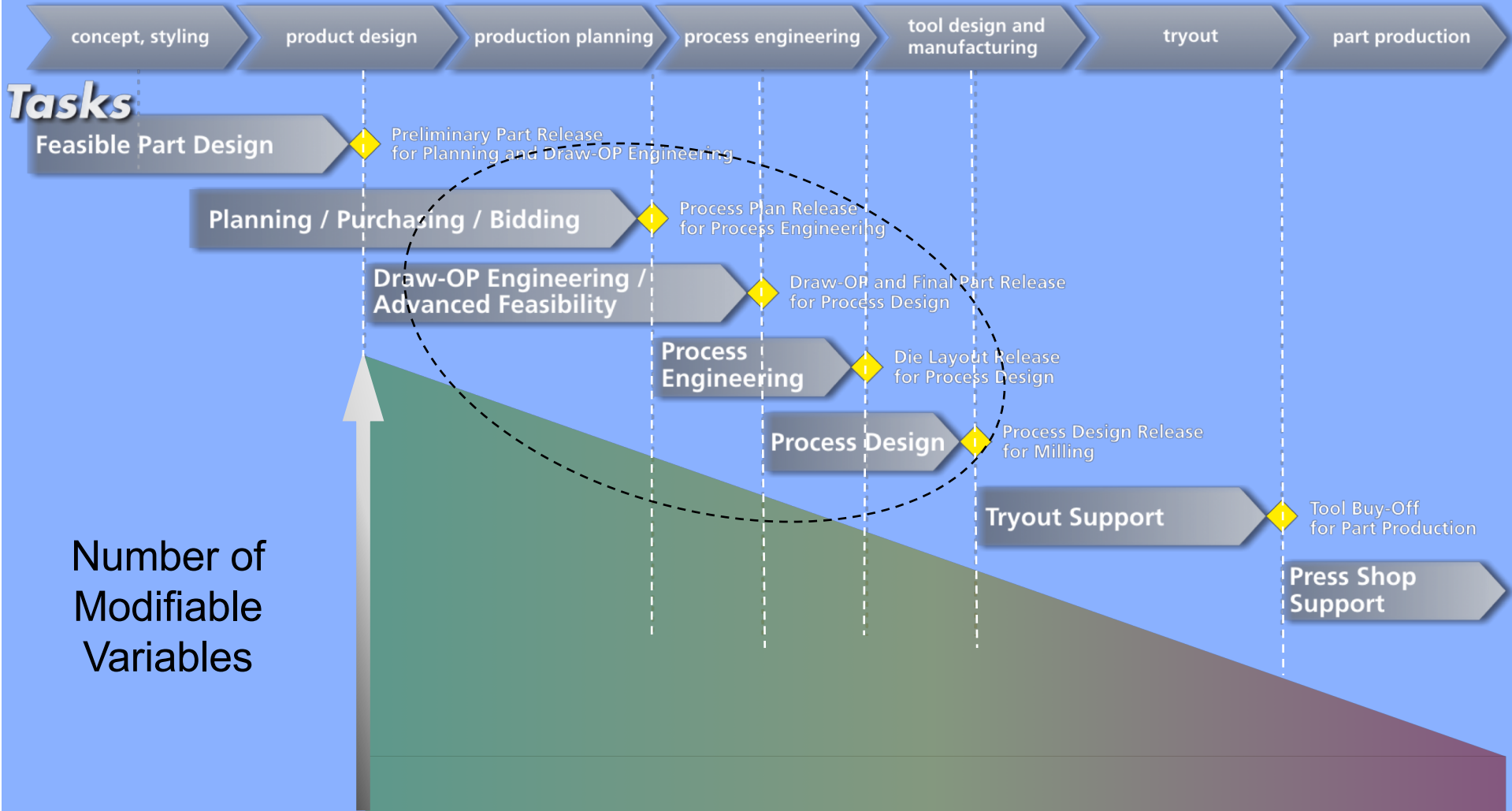
a successful tryout/production requires a process window.

Process window



Robustness implementation

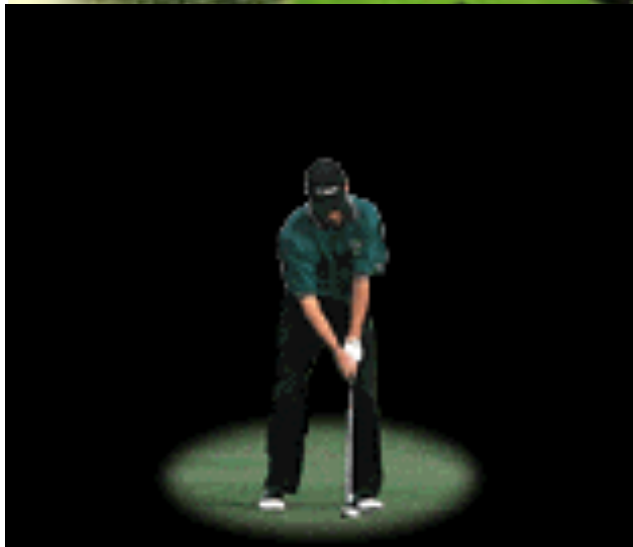
A good stability check can be implemented in the advanced feasibility stage



Essence of AutoForm Robustness – Cp and Cpk



- Simply observe how much you missed target by
- adjust by the opposite



Essence of AutoForm Robustness – Cp and Cpk

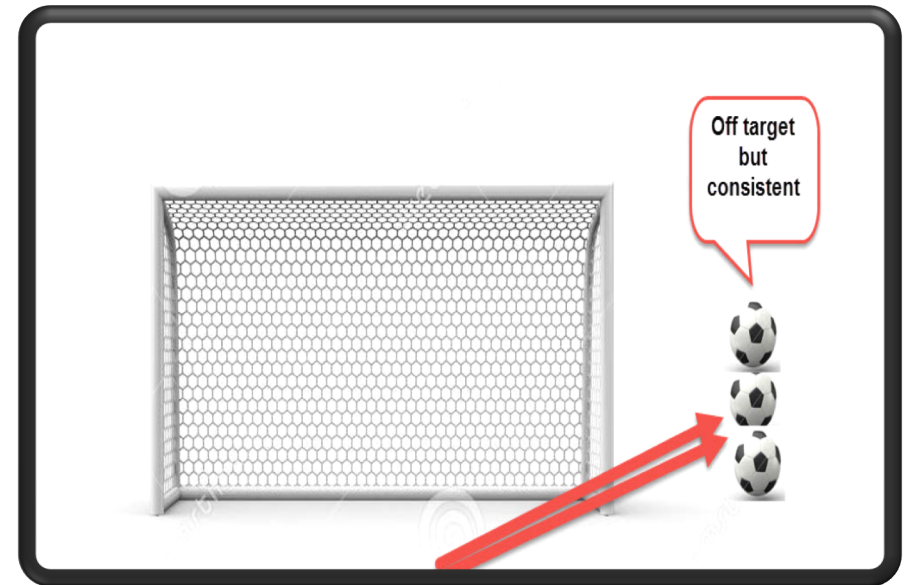


Robustness -Cp

Cp is a measure of consistency and doesn't tell you how much you are off target!

This works great for Compensation, wherein you need to check if the Springback results are consistent.

Which means, even if you're off target, but consistent – Cp shows it's a good process.



Robustness - CPk

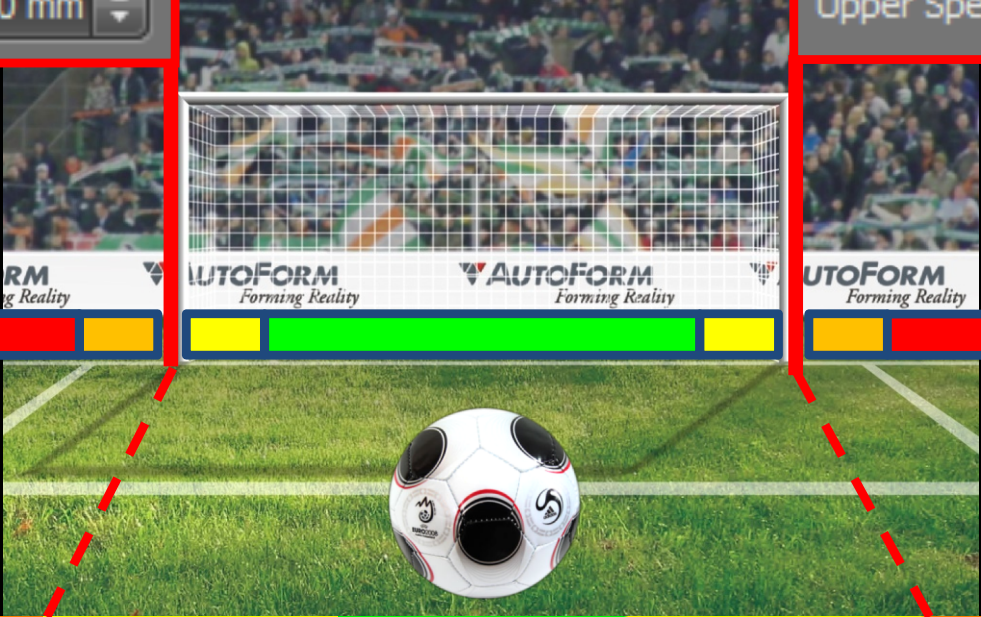


Is the process reliable (within the tolerance limits)?

Check Cpk (process precision):

If reliable (Cpk only green and yellow)

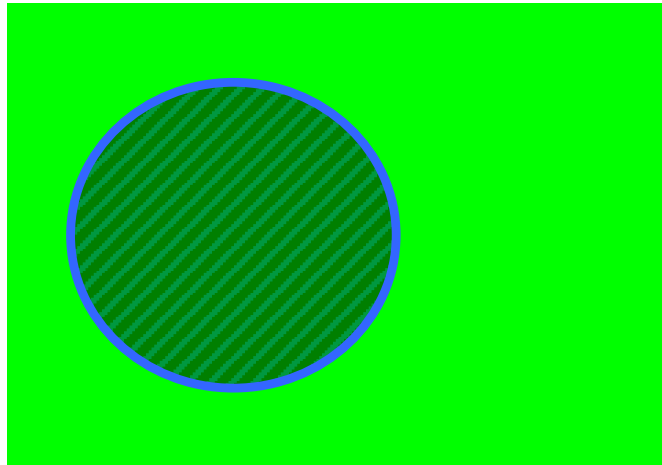
If unreliable (Cpk also orange and red)



SPI with Noise

Having established the robustness of the process, it's now on the user to stabilize the process so that even the uncontrollable variation, the results always lie within the Green process window

Process window



Robustness with SPI

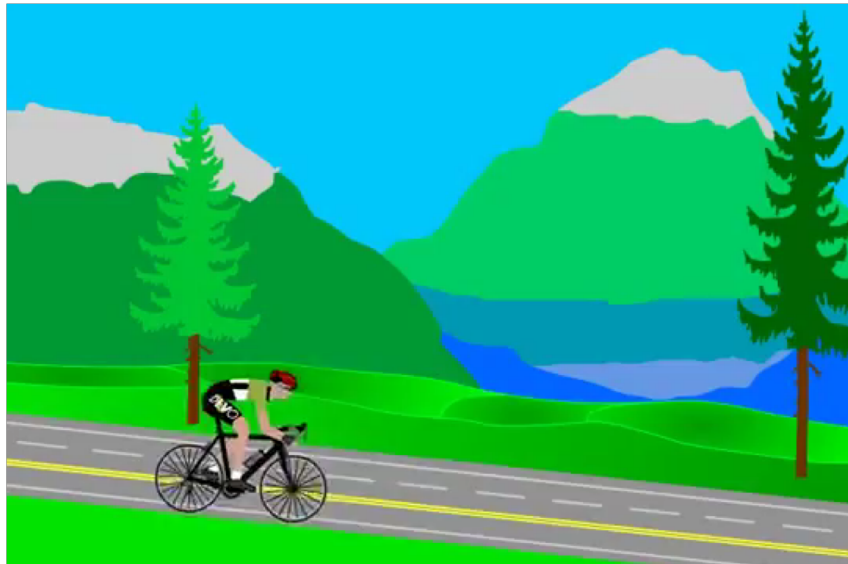
**Ideal Scenario
with no variation**



**Noise
variation**



← What we really want even with Variation



THANK YOU

**ANY
QUESTIONS?**